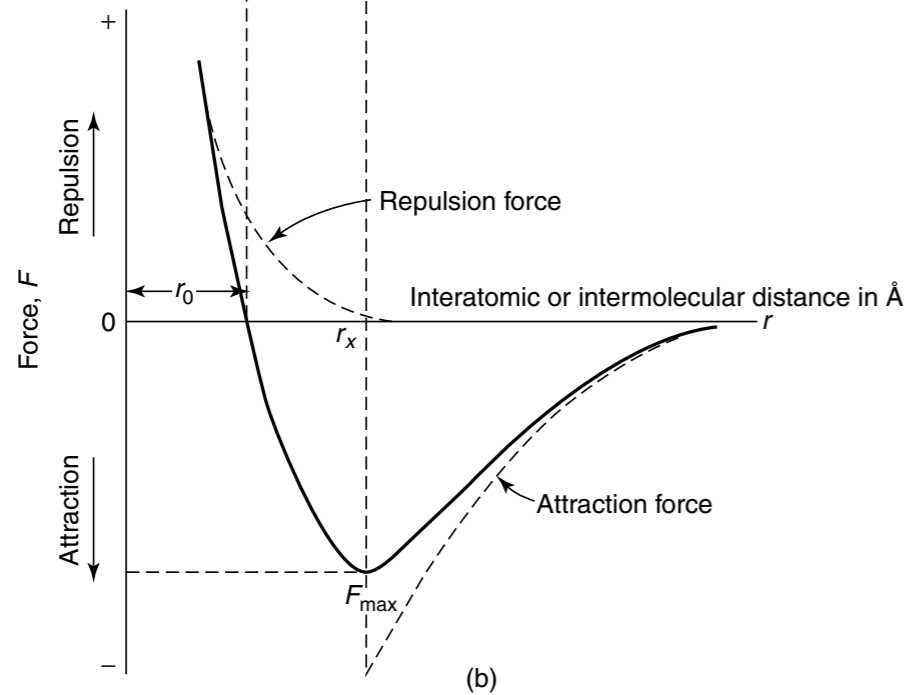
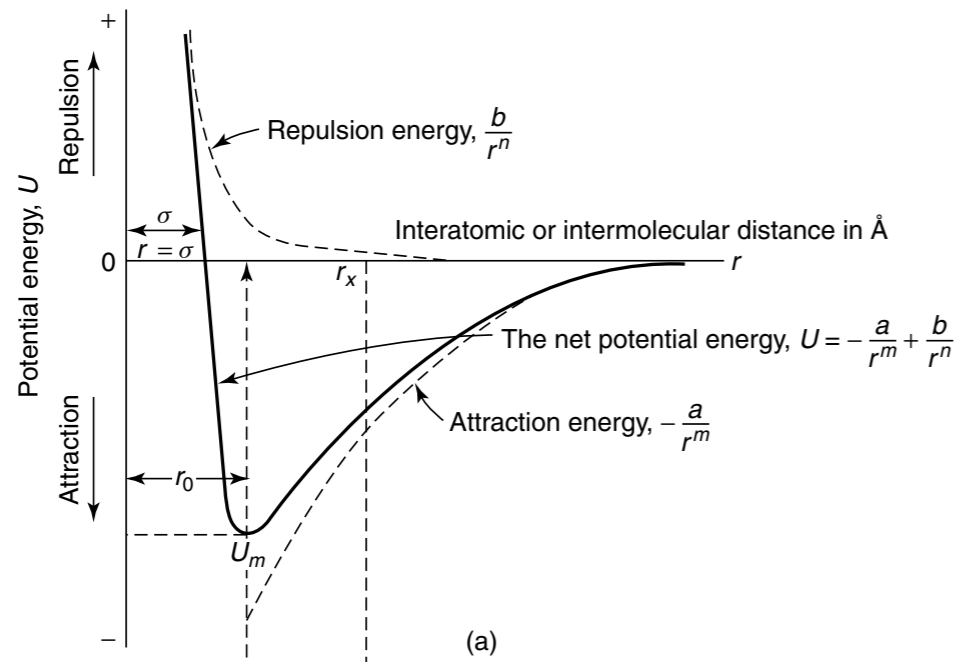


Bonding



Mie potential

$$U = U_a + U_r = \frac{-a}{r^m} + \frac{b}{r^n}$$

$$U = U_a + U_r = \frac{-a}{r^6} + \frac{b}{r^{12}}$$

$$r_0 = \left(\frac{nb}{ma} \right)^{\frac{1}{n-m}}$$

Ionic Bond, Coulomb interaction

$$U = \left[\frac{Z_1 Z_2 e^2}{4\pi\epsilon\epsilon_0 r} \right]$$

$$U = \left[\frac{a}{r^m} \right]$$

Can we build the repulsive term

$$r_0 = \left(\frac{nb}{ma} \right)^{\frac{1}{n-m}}$$

Here we know $m=1$

$$U_0 = \frac{z_1 z_2 e^2}{4\pi\epsilon\epsilon_0} \left(\frac{1}{1} - \frac{1}{n} \right) \frac{1}{r_0}$$

Our derived bond energy

$$\dot{u} = \frac{Q^2}{8\pi\epsilon\epsilon_0 a}$$

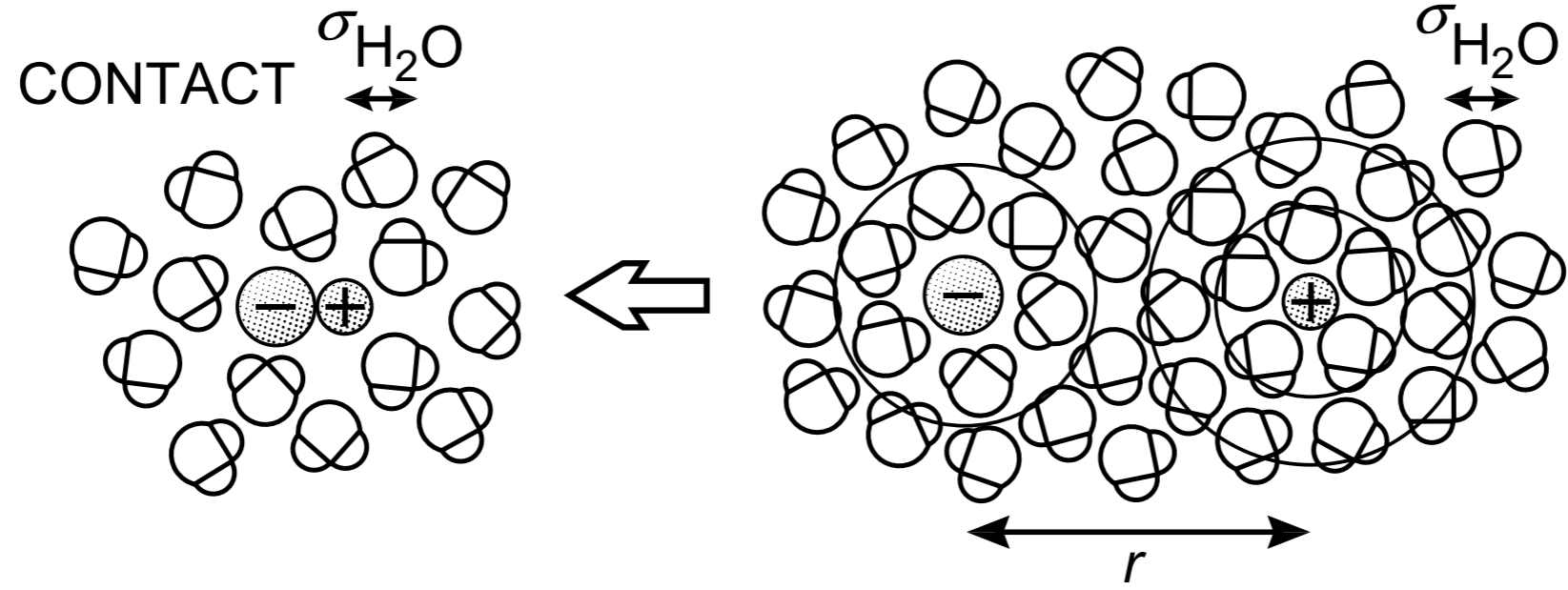
Born Self Energy

$$\Delta \dot{u} = \frac{Z^2 e^2}{8\pi\epsilon_0 a} \left[\frac{1}{\epsilon_1} - \frac{1}{\epsilon_2} \right]$$

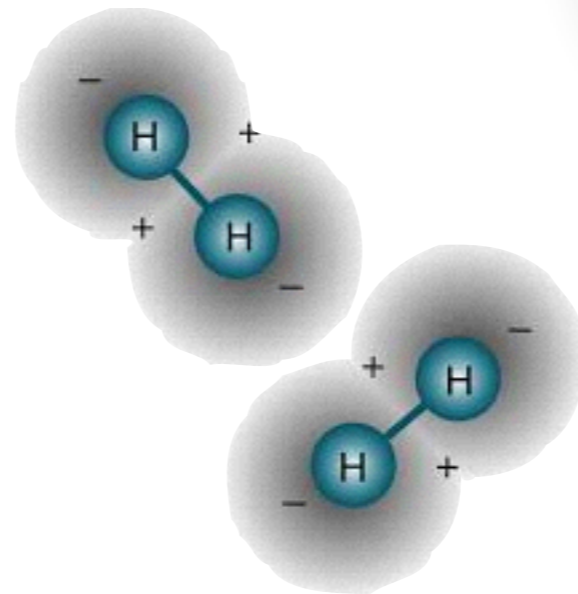
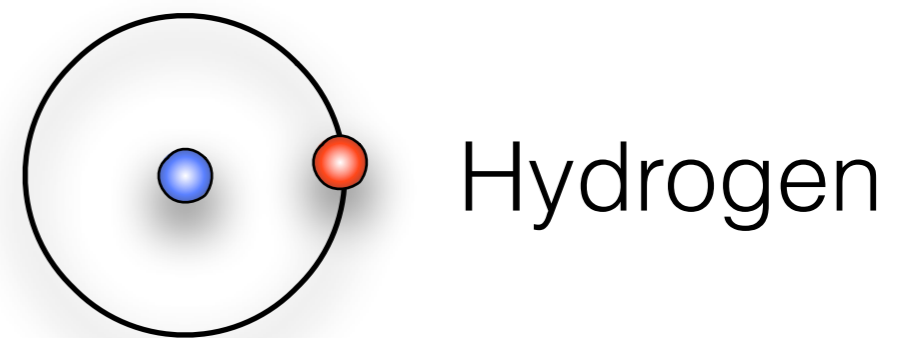
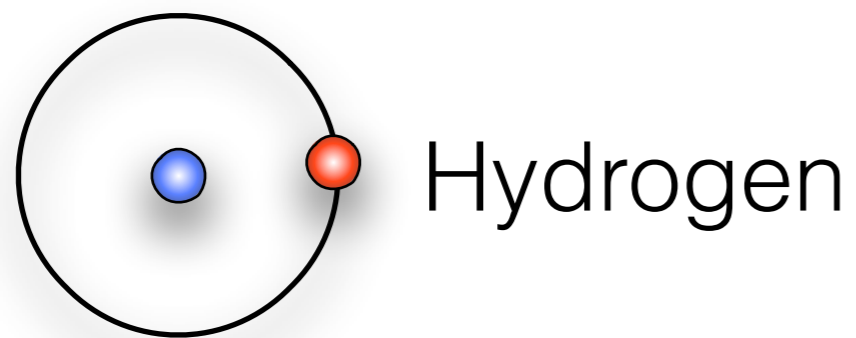
Self energy difference due to medium

$$\chi_s = e^{\frac{-\Delta \dot{u}}{KT}} = e^{-\left(\frac{z^2 e^2}{8\pi\epsilon_0 (a_+ + a_-) KT} \right)}$$

Solubility



Covalent bonding



$n=1$



$n=1$

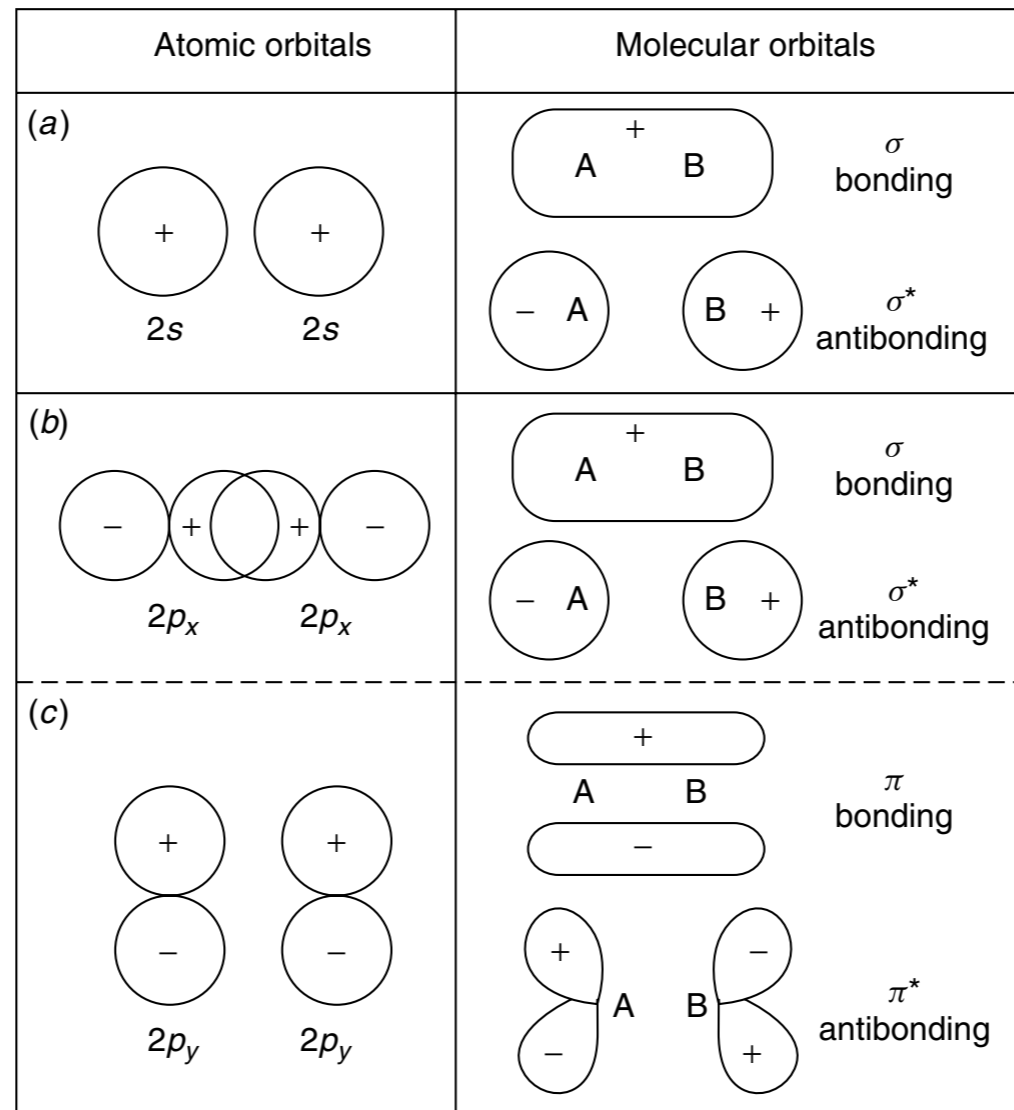
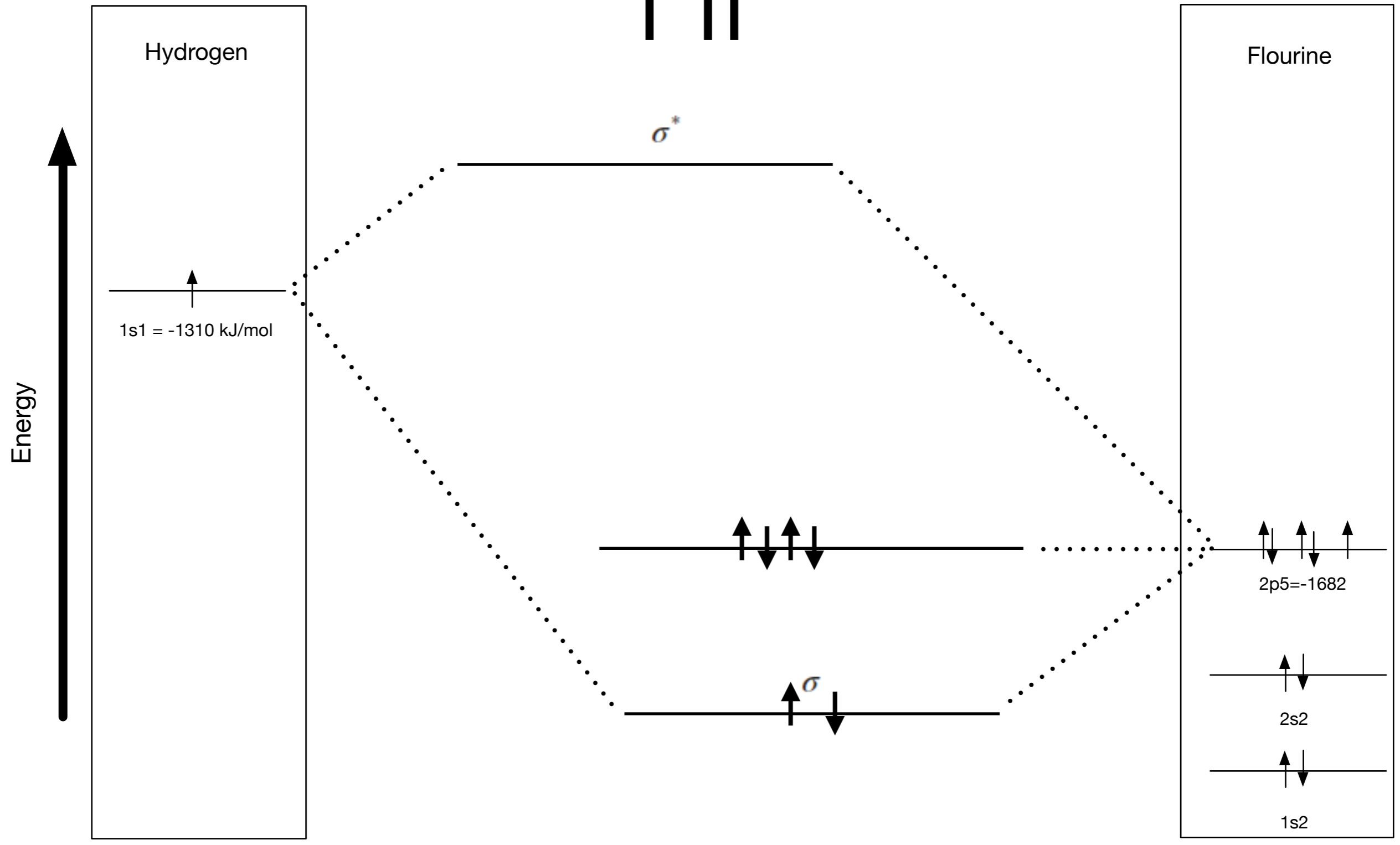
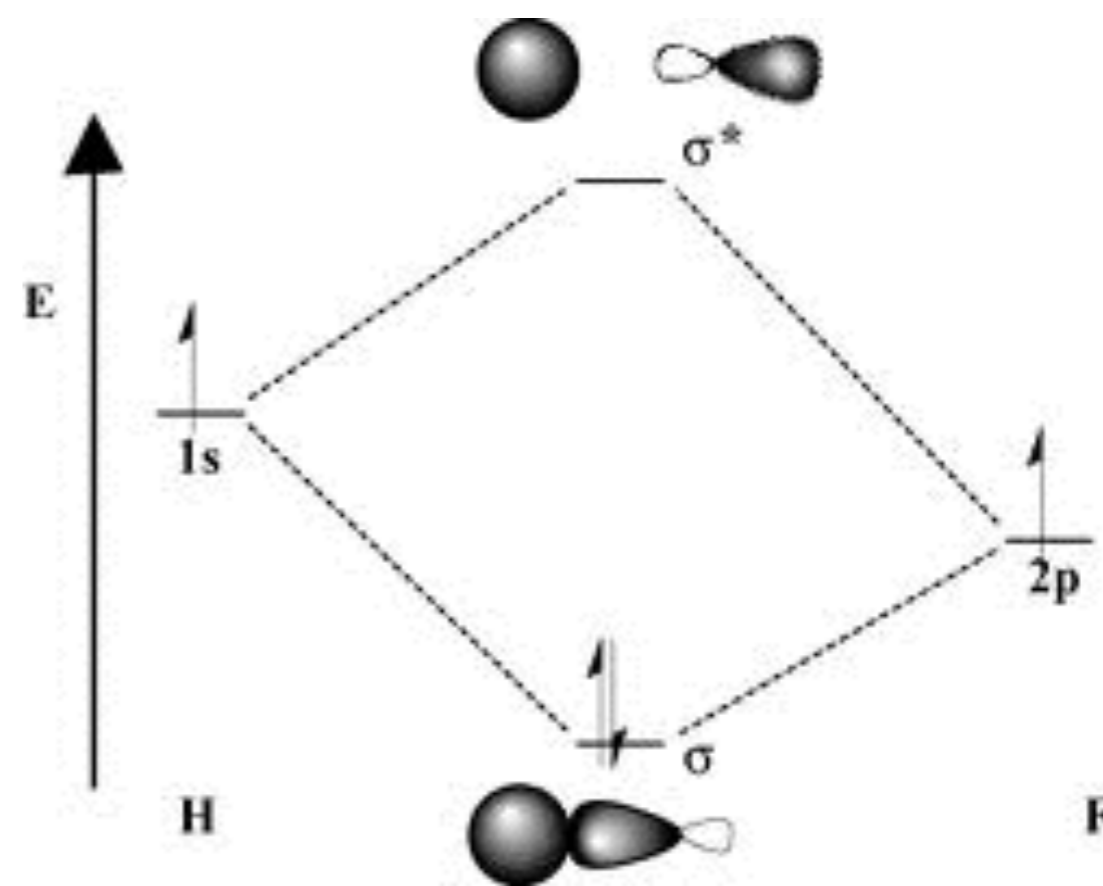
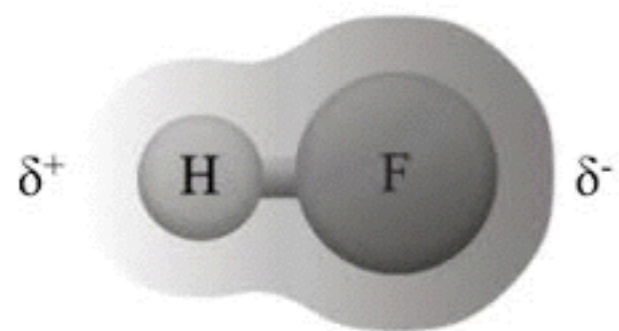


Figure 1.5 The shape of selected molecular orbitals formed from the overlap of two atomic orbitals. From K. M. Ralls, T. H. Courtney, and J. Wulff, *Introduction to Materials Science and Engineering*. Copyright © 1976 by John Wiley & Sons, Inc. This material is used by permission of John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

Example Oxygen

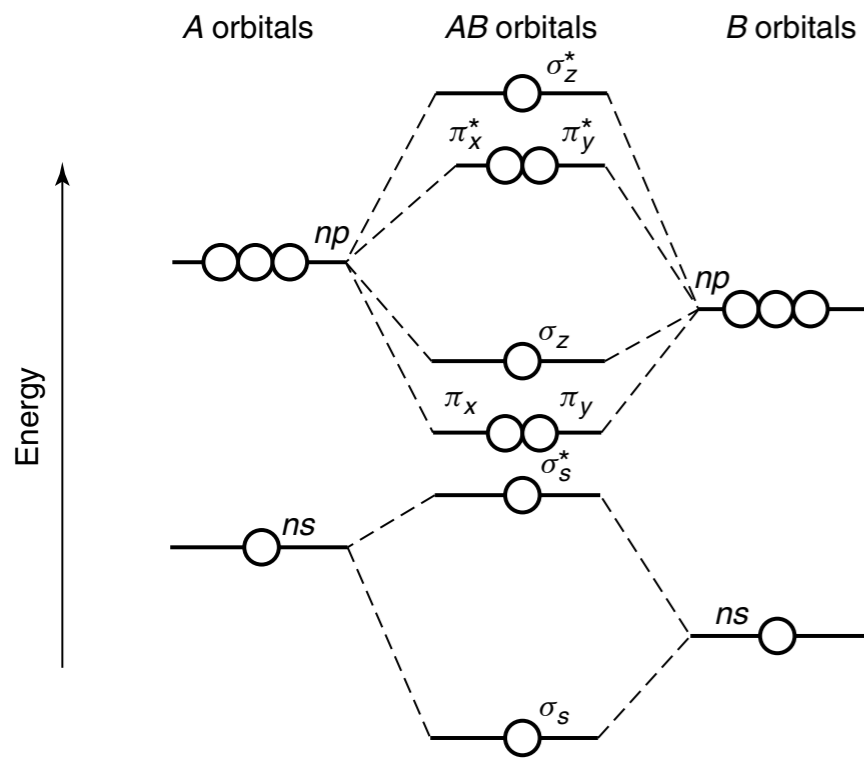
HF



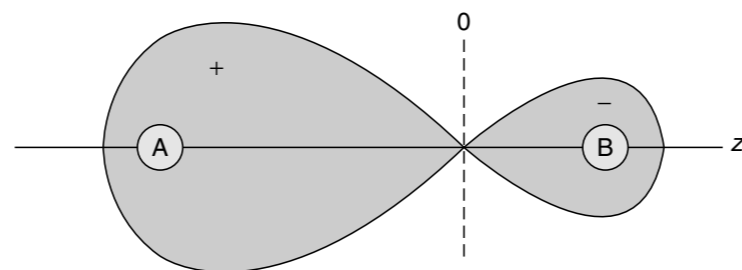
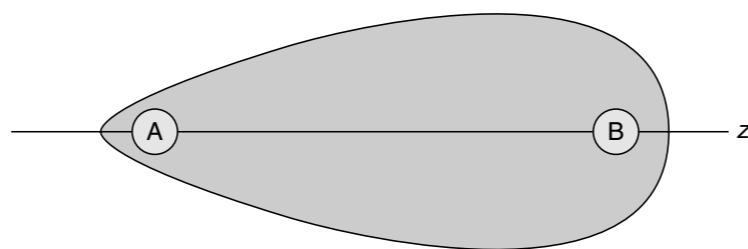


Formation of a polar molecule

Reaction of
fluorine with hydrogen



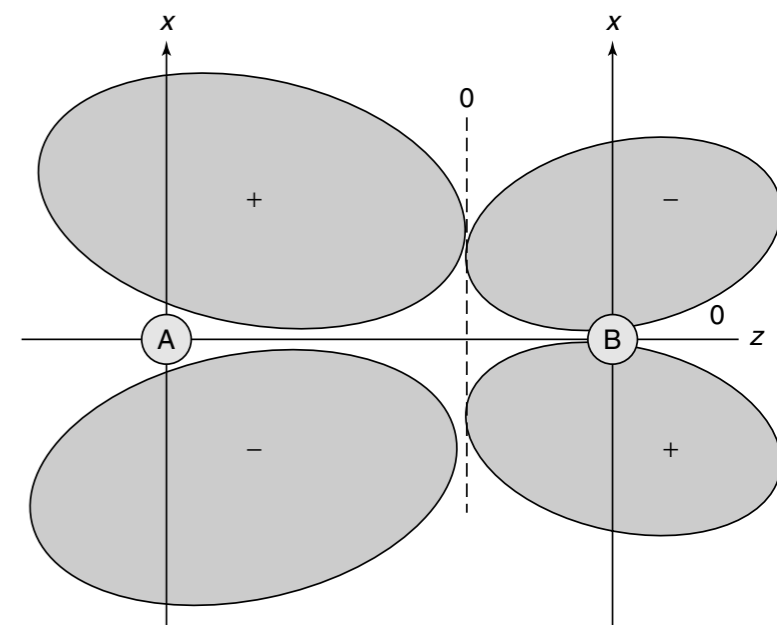
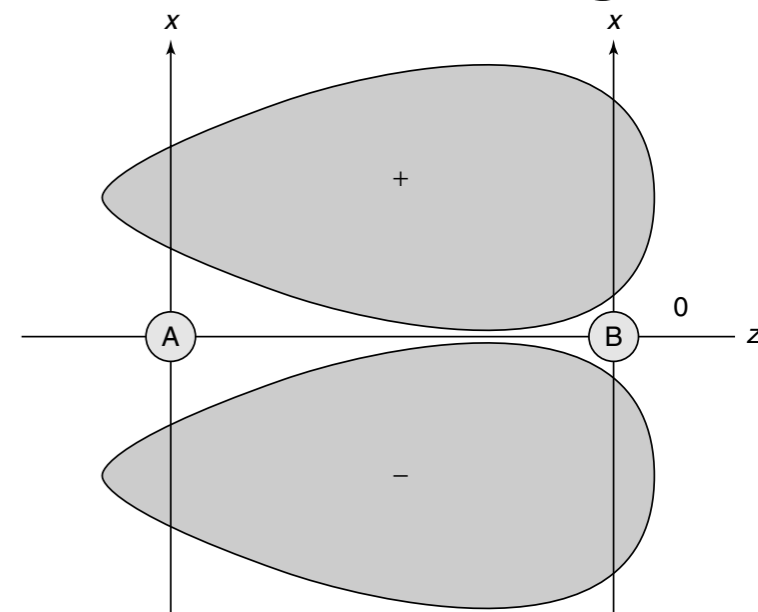
Bonding Sigma



Anti Bonding Sigma

general AB molecule

Anti Bonding Pi



Anti Bonding Pi